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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/542,438	05/02/2006	Jan Schroers	51835/JWP/L471	2783
	7590 05/02/200 RKER & HALE, LLP	EXAMINER		
PO BOX 7068		LIN, KUANG Y		
PASADENA, CA 91109-7068			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1793	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/02/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/542,438	SCHROERS ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Kuang Y. Lin	1793	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING ID. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tilt d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from te, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 ≥ 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is FINAL . 3) Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-18 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examin	ner.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ction is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ejected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicat ority documents have been receiv au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate	

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1. Claims 1-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In line 7 of claim 1, it recites "at least partially cooling the precursor -----". It is not clear how the cooling can be partial. It seems to be that applicant meant to cool at least a part of the precursor rather than partially cooling the precursor.

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

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4. Claims 1-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 7,073,560 to Kang et al.

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In col. 5, lines 10-39, Kang et al. disclose that the molten bulk solidifying amorphous alloy is pressurized and stirred to form and trap bubbles therein. The mixture of bubble and molten alloy is cooled below the glass transition temperature of the amorphous alloy to freeze the bubbles into a solidified foam structure. A cooling rate faster than the critical cooling rate of the amorphous alloy is desired in order to ensure the formation of amorphous atomic structure substantially throughout the structure. Since the cooling rate is faster than the critical cooling rate of the amorphous alloy, it is apparent that the alloy is cooled below the nose of the crystallization curve.

In col. 5, lines 40-49, Kang et al. further states that in one optional embodiment of the invention, the foamed structure is formed under a high ambient pressure, such as 1 kpsi to 10 kpsi or more, to form smaller size pores. Then the formed structure is cast into shape with the release of ambient pressure such that the pore size grows to the desired range. In col. 6, lines 4-14, Kang et al. states that the solidified amorphous alloy is heated about the glass transition temperature or above. At this temperature the bulk amorphous alloy with the foamed structure can be shaped into net-shape articles in a suitable molding and thermo-plastic process, while preserving its underling foam structure substantially.

Based on the statements of col. 5, lines 32-38, col. 5, lines 41-50 and col. 6, lines 4-14, it is apparent that during the casting process described in col. 5, lines 41-

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50, the bulk amorphous is cooled below the nose of the crystallization curve of the alloy and above the glass transition temperature of the alloy.

For the sake of argument, even if it is not apparent that the bulk amorphous alloy is cooled below the nose of the crystallization curve of the alloy and above the glass transition temperature of the alloy during the process described in col. 5, lines 41-50, it would have been obvious to those of ordinary skill in the casting art to cool the bulk amorphous alloy below the nose of the crystallization curve of the alloy and above the glass transition temperature of the alloy during the casting process in view of the entire specification as a whole.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kuang Y. Lin whose telephone number is 571-272-1179. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 10:00-6:30,.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Roy V. King can be reached on 571-272-1244. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Kuang Y. Lin/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1793

4-29-08